

Verilator 3.843 README File

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1 NAME

This is the Verilator Package README file.

2 DISTRIBUTION

This package is Copyright 2003-2012 by Wilson Snyder. (Report bugs to <http://www.veripool.org/>.)

Verilator is free software; you can redistribute it and/or modify it under the terms of either the GNU Lesser General Public License Version 3 or the Perl Artistic License Version 2.0. (See the documentation for more details.)

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3 DESCRIPTION

Verilator converts synthesizable (not behavioral) Verilog code into C++ or SystemC code. It is not a complete simulator, just a translator.

Verilator is invoked with parameters similar to GCC or Synopsys's VCS. It reads the specified Verilog code, lints it, and optionally adds coverage code. For C++ format, it outputs .cpp and .h files. For SystemC format, it outputs .sp files for the SystemPerl preprocessor available at <http://www.veripool.org>.

The resulting files are then compiled with C++. The user writes a little C++ wrapper file, which instantiates the top level module. This is compiled in C++, and linked with the Verilated files.

The resulting executable will perform the actual simulation.

4 SUPPORTED SYSTEMS

Verilator is developed and has primary testing on:

SuSE 11.1 AMD64 i686-linux-2.6.27, GCC 4.3.2

Versions have also built on Redhat Linux, Macs OS-X, HP-UX and Solaris. It should run with minor porting on any Linux-ish platform. Verilator also works on Windows

under Cygwin, and Windows under MinGW (gcc -mno-cygwin). Verilated output (not Verilator itself) compiles under MSVC++ 2008.

5 INSTALLATION

For more details see <http://www.veripool.org/projects/verilator/wiki/Installing>.

If you will be modifying Verilator, you should use the "git" method as it will let you track changes.

The latest version is available at <http://www.veripool.org/verilator>.

Download the latest package from that site, and decompress.

```
tar xvzf verilator_version.tgz
```

If you will be using SystemC (vs straight C++ output), download SystemC 2.0.1 from <http://www.systemc.org>. Follow their installation instructions. You will need to set `SYSTEMC_INCLUDE` to point to the include directory with `systemc.h` in it, and `SYSTEMC_LIBDIR` to point to the directory with `libsystemc.a` in it. (Older installations may set `SYSTEMC` and `SYSTEMC_ARCH` instead.)

If you will be using SystemPerl or coverage, download and install SystemPerl, <http://www.veripool.org/systemperl>. Note you'll need to set a `SYSTEMPERL` environment variable to point to the downloaded kit. Optionally also set `SYSTEMPERL_INCLUDE` to point to the installed headers.

You will need the `flex` and `bison` packages installed.

`cd` to the Verilator directory containing this README.

You now have to decide how you're going to eventually install the kit.

Note Verilator builds the current value of `VERILATOR_ROOT`, `SYSTEMC_INCLUDE`, `SYSTEMC_LIBDIR`, `SYSTEMPERL`, and `SYSTEMPERL_INCLUDE` as defaults into the executable, so try to have them correct before configuring.

1. Our personal favorite is to always run Verilator from the kit directory. This allows the easiest experimentation and upgrading. It's also how most EDA tools operate; to run any of them you point to the tarball.

```
export VERILATOR_ROOT='pwd'    # if your shell is bash
setenv VERILATOR_ROOT 'pwd'    # if your shell is csh
./configure
```

2. To install globally onto a "cad" disk with multiple versions of every tool, and add it to path using Modules/modulecmd:

```
unset VERILATOR_ROOT          # if your shell is bash
unsetenv VERILATOR_ROOT       # if your shell is csh
# For the tarball, use the version number instead of git describe
./configure --prefix /CAD_DISK/verilator/`git describe | sed "s/verilator_/"`
```

After installing you'll want a module file like the following:

```
set install_root /CAD_DISK/verilator/{version-number-used-above}
setenv VERILATOR_ROOT $install_root
prepend-path PATH $install_root/bin
prepend-path MANPATH $install_root/man
```

3. The next option is to install it globally, using the normal system paths:

```
unset VERILATOR_ROOT          # if your shell is bash
unsetenv VERILATOR_ROOT       # if your shell is csh
./configure
```

4. Alternatively you can configure a prefix that install will populate, as most GNU tools support:

```
unset VERILATOR_ROOT          # if your shell is bash
unsetenv VERILATOR_ROOT       # if your shell is csh
./configure --prefix /opt/verilator-VERSION
```

Then after installing you will need to add /opt/verilator-VERSION/bin to PATH.

Type **make** to compile Verilator.

Type **make test_c** to check the compilation.

Type **make test** for a more complete test. You may get a error about the Bit::Vector Perl package. You will need to install it and SystemPerl if you want all tests to pass.

You may get a error about a typedef conflict for uint32_t. Edit verilated.h to change the typedef to work, probably to @samp{typedef unsigned long uint32_t;}.

If you used the VERILATOR_ROOT scheme you're done. Programs should set the environment variable VERILATOR_ROOT to point to this distribution, then execute \$VERILATOR_ROOT/bin/verilator, which will find the path to all needed files.

If you used the prefix scheme, now do a **make install**. To run verilator, have the verilator binary directory in your PATH (this should already be true if using the default configure), and make sure VERILATOR_ROOT is not set.

6 USAGE DOCUMENTATION

Detailed documentation and the man page can be seen by running:

```
bin/verilator --help
```

or reading verilator.txt in the same directory as this README.

7 DIRECTORY STRUCTURE

The directories in the kit after de-taring are as follows:

| | |
|------------------------|--|
| bin/verilator | => Compiler Wrapper invoked to Verilate code |
| include/ | => Files that should be in your -I compiler path |
| include/verilated*.cpp | => Global routines to link into your simulator |
| include/verilated.h | => Global headers |
| include/verilated.v | => Stub defines for linting |
| include/verilated.mk | => Common makefile |
| src/ | => Translator source code |
| test_v | => Example Verilog code for other test dirs |
| test_c | => Example Verilog->C++ conversion |
| test_sc | => Example Verilog->SystemC conversion |
| test_sp | => Example Verilog->SystemPerl conversion |
| test_vcs | => Example Verilog->VCS conversion (test the test) |
| test_verilated | => Internal tests |
| test_regress | => Internal tests |

8 LIMITATIONS

See verilator.txt (or execute `bin/verilator -help`) for limitations.